XXI **International** Scientific Conference "Sustainable Economy. The Latvian story." Measuring Emotional Intelligence among Business School Students in India

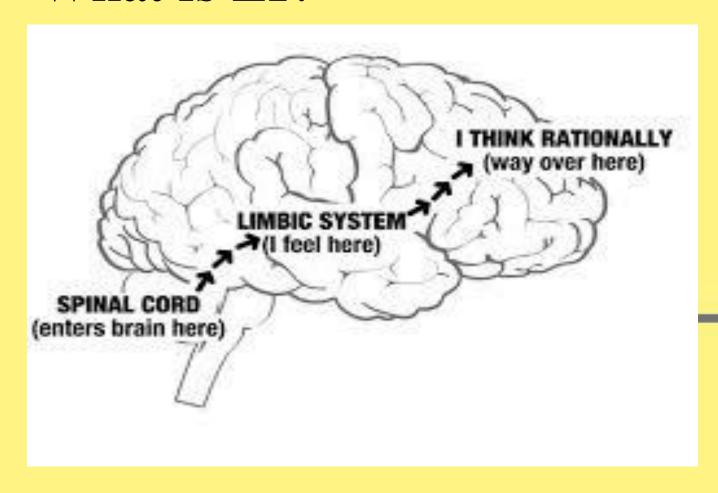
Authors:
Dr.B.Arul Senthil
Dr.D.Ravindran
S.A.Surya Kumar

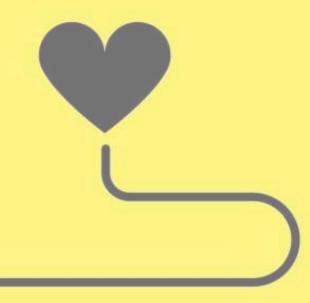


Presented by
S.A.Surya Kumar
Research
Scholar(FT)
Turiba
University,Riga

MEASURING **EMOTIONAL** INTELLIGENCE AMONG BUSINESS SCHOOL STUDENTS IN INDIA

What is EI?





- Rationalization of impulsive thoughts.
- Identifying and responding to emotions in a Rational way.

Source: Emotional intelligence brain by Mayo Oshin,

https://www.mayooshin.com/emotional-intelligence-leadership/emotional-intelligence-brain/

Trait Emotional Intelligence



- One's ability to recognize, process and utilize emotion laden information.
- Trait EI integrates the affective aspects of Personality.
- Personality comprises motives, interests, values, emotional traits, social traits and others.

Why EI in Business school?

- EQ plays a important role in determining career success than IQ.
- Business School students becomes future leaders of the company.
- Entrepreneural Intentions and Business exposures.
- Makes them team players.
- Limited studies concerned with B school students.

Analysis

• A Survey questionnaire was administered to 141 students in different B-Schools in India.

It was conducted as a classroom study.

The survey instrument consisted of 30 questions on a seven point likert type scale that measured TEI using the TEIQue model.





The researchers framed the following hypothesis based on the differentiation of the student's profile.

H1: There is no significant difference between males and females in TEI dimensions.

H2: There is no significant difference between Arts & Science and Engineering degree students on TEI dimensions.

H3: There is no significant difference between the Joint family and the Nuclear family of the students on TEI dimensions.

H4: There is no significant difference among student's works experience on TEI dimensions.

H5: There is no significant difference among students brought up place on TEI dimensions.



Continued

- Well-being, Self-control, Emotionality, Sociability have been taken as dependent variables.
- Trait EI on Gender, UG degree, Family type, Work experience, Brought up place have been analysed.
- T-Test and One way ANOVA have been employed to test the hypothesis.

T-Test and Analysis of Variance

Trait EI on Family Type

Table: 3

	Table 3: T- Test and Descriptive Statistics of Variable (Trait Emotional Intelligence on Family Type)						
	UG Degree	N	Mean	SD	F-Ratio (Sig.)		
Wellbeing	Nuclear	117	4.7151	1.00193	F=.947(.332)		
	Joint Family	24	4.3264	1.01852			
Self-control	Nuclear	117	4.0812	.51352	F= .678(.412)		
	Joint Family	24	4.3056	.60327			
Emotionality	Nuclear	117	4.4872	.63661	F=1.498 (.223)		
	Joint Family	24	4.2135	.60397			
Sociability	Nuclear	117	4.2407	.79584	F=2.812(.096)		
	Joint Family	24	3.9306	.59571			

Table 5: One Way Anova and Descriptive Statistics of Variable	е
(Trait Emotional Intelligence on Brought up area)	

	Brought up place	N	Mean	SD	
Wellbeing	Urban(Metro Cities)	44	4.3636	.94710	F=3.493(.033)
	Semi-Urban (Other developed cities)	50	4.9067	1.11888	
	Rural (Village/Panchayats)	47	4.6418	.89076	
	Total	141	4.6489	1.01178	
Self-control	Urban(Metro Cities)	44	4.1742	.50444	F= .451(.638)
	Semi Urban (Other developed cities)	50	4.1200	.53456	
	Rural (Village/Panchayats)	47	4.0674	.56643	
	Total	141	4.1194	.53427	
Emotionality	Urban(Metro Cities)	44	4.3778	.59704	F=1.367 (.258)
	Semi Urban (Other developed cities)	50	4.5600	.76107	
	Rural (Village/Panchayats)	47	4.3723	.51241	
	Total	141	4.4406	.63748	
Sociability	Urban(Metro Cities)	44	4.0909	.61993	F
	Semi Urban (Other developed cities)	50	4.3167	.91983	
	Rural (Village/Panchayats)	47	4.1418	.72563	
	Total	141	4.1879	.77251	

Results

- Engineering students have significant differences in self-control with respect to Trait Emotional Intelligence than Arts and science students.
- One-way ANOVA results corresponding to wellbeing conclude that students in the Urban (Metro Cities) (μ = 4.3636, σ = .947), students in the Semi Urban (μ = 4.9067, σ = 1.11), and students in the Rural (μ = 4.6418, σ = .890) have a significant differences. The values shows that there is a significance differences on wellbeing among the students with regards to Semi Urban (μ = 4.9067, σ = 1.11). The category with Semi Urban exhibits the difference.(F = 3.493, Sig. = .033)



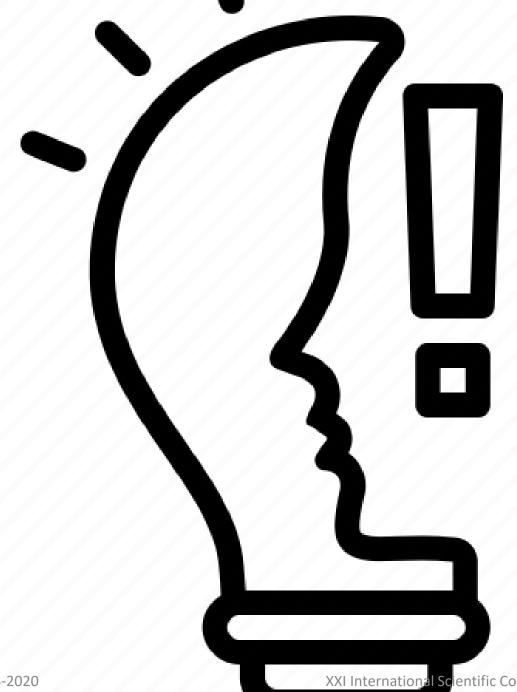
Discussions

- Leadership considered to be one of the important quality in effective management. People with better EI tends to perform as better leaders.
- Self-awareness is a base to Emotional Intelligence.
- The family background and grown up circumstances has an impact in shaping the adulthood of the individual.
- Through the observation, we got to know that most of the students in Tier III Business schools of India have an Arts Science background during their Under Graduation.
- Parental styles creates certain impacts in child growth and fostering of emotional awareness.



Conclusion

- Researchers strongly believes that students who pursue management degrees will become future leaders.
- Through Meditation, Yoga, Sports activities students can develop concentration which helps them to make right decision in the personal and professional life.
- Developing Emotional Intelligence makes a difference in life.



Questions!

